NIFT Srinagar

Answer Key

Post: JE Civii (Snort	-tern	n Con	tract)
Date of Written	test:	16 th	June,	2025

Q.No	Answer
1.	В
2.	С
3.	С
4.	A
5.	A
6. 7.	A
7.	A
8.	D
9.	A
10.	D
11.	A
12.	В
13.	С
14.	A
15.	D

Q.No	Answer
16.	С
17.	D
18.	С
19.	В
20.	D
21.	A
22.	С
23.	D
24.	D
25.	A
26.	D
27.	В
28.	D
29.	A
30.	В

Q.No	Answer
31.	В
32.	A
33.	D
34.	D
35.	В
36.	В
37.	D
38.	В
39.	A
40.	A
41.	A
42.	С
43.	В
44.	A
45.	С

Q.No	Answer
46.	A
47.	С
48.	С
49.	A
50.	С
51.	A
52.	D
53.	A
54.	В
55.	D
56.	D
57.	С
58.	В
59.	A
60.	D

Objections/representations regarding questions/answr key along-with supporting documents may be sent on email careers.srinagar@nift.ac.in by or before 18th June, 2025 upto 03:00pm. Thereafter, no representations/grievance shall be admitted in this regard.

Uploaded on Website on 16th June, 2025

QUESTION BOOKLET

(Post: JE Civil)

No of MCQs: 60 (01 Marks Each) Time Allotted: 70 Minutes

INSTRUCTIONS:

- i. Please check the Question Paper for any discrepancies, printing errors etc. In case of any issue, report to Invigilator immediately.
- ii. Candidate is required to answer all 60 Questions on OMR Sheet. Each question has only one most appropriate answer.
- iii. There is no negative marking.
- iv. Please read the instructions on OMR sheet and follow them.
- v. Calculator, Tablets, Mobile or any other calculating/electronic device is not allowed in the test.
- vi. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination/test before the completion of the test.
- vii. Rough work should be done on the last pages of this booklet.
- viii. After the test, the candidate shall hand over the completed OMR to Invigilator. In case, a candidate does not return the OMR, her/his test shall be treated as cancelled.
- ix. The candidate is allowed take away the question paper.
- x. Answer Key of the paper shall be uploaded on the NIFT Srinagar website by evening today. Candidates have any objection regarding questions/answer options may submit their representations through email with attached proof. NIFT Srinagar shall take appropriate decisions on the representation/s.

1.	The algebraic sum of the resolved parts of a resolved part of their resultant in the same dire	number of forces in a given direction is equal to the ection. This is known as:
	(a) principle of independence of forces	(b) principle of resolution of forces
	(c) principle of transmissibility of forces	(d) none of the above
2.	The forces, whose lines of action are paralle known as	I to each other and act in the same directions, are
	(a) coplanar concurrent forces	(b) coplanar non-concurrent forces
	(c) like parallel forces	(d) unlike parallel forces
3.	The centre of gravity of a right circular solid coralong the vertical axis	ne is at a distance of from its base, measured
	(a) h/2	(b) h/3
	(c) h/4	(d) h/6
4.	The friction experienced by a body, when at re-	st, is known as
	(a) static friction	(b) dynamic friction
	(c) limiting friction	(d) Coefficient of friction
	The bending moment in the centre of a simply w per unit length is	supported beam carrying a uniformly distributed load
	(a) zero	(b) <i>wl</i> ² /2
	(c)) <i>wl</i> ² /4	(d)) <i>wl</i> ² /8
6.	The maximum deflection of a cantilever beam of	of length I with a point load W at the free end is
	(a) <i>Wl³/3EI</i>	(b) <i>Wi</i> ³ /8 <i>EI</i>
	(c) <i>Wi³/</i> 16 <i>EI</i>	(d) <i>Wl</i> ³ /48 <i>El</i>
7.	The maximum permissible shear stress given in	n IS: 456- 2000 is based on
	(a) diagonal tension failure	(b) diagonal compression failure
	(c) flexural tension failure	(d) uniaxial compression

8. For M 1	15 grade concrete, the section is to be redesigned if she	ear stress is more than
	(a) 0.5 N/mm ²	(b) 1 N/mm ²
	(c) 1 .5 N/mm ²	(d) 2 N/mm ²
9. Water	cement ratio maybe defined as the ratio of	
	(a) volume of water to that of cement in a concrete mi	x
	(b) weight of water to that of cement in a concrete mix	
	(c) volume of water to that of concrete in a concrete m	nix
	(d) weight of water to that of concrete in a concrete mix	x
10. The h	igher workability of a concrete is required if a structure	is
	(a) made with cement	(b) thick and reinforced
	(c) thin and heavily reinforced	(d) thick and heavily reinforced
	ding to IS: 456- 2000, the spacing of stirrups shall not esting moment	exceed a distance the lever arm
	(a) equal to	(b) double
	(c) three times	(d) four times
12. If the maximum	sides of a slab simply supported on its edges and span bending moment is multiplied by	nning in two ways are equal, then the
	(a) 0.25	(b) 0.50
	(c) 0.75	(d) 0.85
13. Junct	ion between the flange and web of a beam is known as	3
	(a) lap joint	(b) butt joint
	(c) fillet	(d) shear joint
14. The c	lead load includes	
	(a) self-weight of the structure	(b) all superimposed loads
	(c) weight of stationary equipments	(d) weight of furniture
15. The \	value of factor of safety is decided keeping in view	
	(a) Average strength of a material	(b) value of design loads
	(c) value of internal forces	(d) all of the above

16. For a rivet of 36	mm diameter, the diameter of	hole shall be taken as	
(a) 36 mm		(b) 37.5 mm	
(c) 38 mm		(d) 38.5 mm	
17. In a plate girde thickness of web exc		provided when the ratio of clear depth to the	
(a) 50		(b) 65	
(c) 75		(d) 85	
18. A welded steel plate of 1000 mm x		flange plates of 350 mm x 16 mm and a web	
(a) no stif	feners	(b) vertical stiffeners	
(c) interm	ediate vertical stiffeners	(d) vertical and horizontal stiffeners	
19. Lacustrine soils	are those soils which are		
(a) deposi	ted in sea water	(b) deposited at the bottom of the lake	95
(c) transpo	orted by running water	(d) transported by wind	
20. The submerged	weight of soil solid per unit vol	lume is called	
(a) Satura	ted unit weight	(b) Dry unit weight	
(c) Wet un	it weight	(d) Buoyant unit weight	
21. The maximum si	ze of grains of silts is about		
(a) 0.06 n	nm	(b) 0.2 mm	
(c) 0.5 mr	m	(d) 1 mm	
22. The ratio of the $\ensuremath{\iota}$	ınit weight of soil solids to that	of water is called	
(a) void rati	io	(b) porosity	
(c) specific	gravity	(d) degree of saturation	
23. The coefficient o	f consolidation is used for eva	luating	
(a) stress in	the soil	(b) total settlement	
(c) over con	solidation ratio	(d) time rate of settlements	

24. If void ratio is 0.67, water content is 0.188 ar saturation of the soil is	nd specific gravity is 2.68, then the degree of
(a) 25%	(b) 40%
(c) 60%	(d) 75%
25. The force per unit length is the unit of	
(a) surface tension	(b) compressibility
(c) capillarity	(d) viscosity
26. In a differential manometer, the flowing fluid is manometer reading is 100 mm, the differential head	
(a) 13.6	(b) 1.36
(c) 1.47	(d) 1.26
27. A flow through an expanding tube at constant rate	e is called
(a) steady uniform flow	(b) steady non-uniform flow
(c) unsteady uniform flow	(d) unsteady non-uniform flow
28. Bernoulli equation is applied to	
(a) venture meter	(b) orifice meter
(c) pitot tube	(d) all of the above
29. If the velocity potential exist for the flow, then it is	
(a) irrotational	(b) rotational
(c) laminar	(d) none of these
30. The flow in a pipe is neither laminar nor turbulent	when Reynolds number is
(a) less than 2000	(b) between 2000 and 2800
(c) more than 2800	(d) none of the above
31. A useful soil moisture for plant growth is	
(a) capillary water	(b) gravitational water
(c) hygroscopic water	(d) all of these

32. The saturation capacity, field capacity and 14% respectively. The available moisture for the saturation capacity and 14% respectively.	the permanent wilting point of a soil are 47%, 27% and he crops grown in the soil is
(a) 13%	(b) 20%
(c) 27%	(d) 33%
33. The saturation gradient in an ordinary loan	n soil is
(a) 1:1	(b) 2:1
(c) 3:1	(d) 4:1
34. Water logging is caused due to	
(a) Inadequate drainage facilities	(b) over irrigation
(c) presence of impermeable strata	(d) all of the above
35. The weed growth in a canal leads to	
(a) decrease in silting	(b) decrease in discharge
(c) increase in discharge	(d) increase in velocity of flow
36. The loss of head per unit length of creep is	called
(a) coefficient of creep	(b) percolation coefficient
(c) lane's coefficient	(d) none of the above
37. What is Waste Water Engineering?	
(a) use of engineering approaches to er	nhance the cleanliness of human populations
(b) removing and disposing of human wa	aste
(c) providing safe drinking water	
(d) all of the above	
38. Which of the following type of treatment waters?	methods are used for municipal and industrial waste
(a) Main stream	(b) Slow rate
(c) Overflow	(d) Rapid infiltration
39. What percentage of solids does waste wat	er contain?
(a) 0.1%	(b) 1%
(c) 0.5%	(d) 5%
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40. Advanced waste water sludge constitutes wh	ich of the following?
(a) Chemical and biological solid	(b) Biological solids
(c) Settlable solids	(d) Chemical sludge
41. Which of the following waste water treatment	plant may or may not need the screens?
(a) Industrial	(b) Sewage
(c) Chemical	(d) Domestic
42. What is the minimum percentage of solids in	waste water?
(a) 60%	(b) 50%
(c) 40%	(d) 30%
43. The Grand Trunk (G.T.) road was constructed	d during
(a) 1440 to 1445 A.D.	(b) 1540 to 1545 A.D.
(c) 2000 to 2500 B.C.	(d) 2500 to 3000 B.C.
44. The Central Road Organization (C.R.O.) was	set up in
(a) 1930	(b) 1934
(c) 1948	(d) 1956
45. In which of the road construction, the finished 1 in 45?	d surface layer of the pavement is given a cross slope
(a) Macadam construction	(b) Telford construction
(c) Tresaguet construction	(d) Metcalf construction
46. According to IRC, the recommended width of	shoulder is
(a) 2.5 m	(b) 3 m
(c) 3.5 m	(d) 4 m
47. The value of maximum gradient for hill roads	is
(a) 1 in 5	(b) 1 in 10
(c) 1 in 15	(d) 1 in 20

48. In CBR test, the value of CBR is calculated at	
(a) 2.5 mm penetration only	(b) 5 mm penetration only
(c) both 2.5 mm and 5 mm penetration	(d) none of the above
49. A bar chart is drawn for	
(a) time versus activity	(b) activity versus resources
(c) resources versus progress	(d) progress versus time
50. The path which moves along the activities hav	ing total float zero, in the network diagram is called
(a) free float	(b) critical path
(c) total float	(d) independent float
51. A PERT network has 9 activities on its critical critical path is 3. The standard deviation of critical	path. The standard deviation of each activity on the path is
(a) 3	(b) 9
(c) 81	(d) 27
52. Which of the following contract type is usua purpose?	lly followed by railway department foe construction
(a) lump-sum	(b) percentage rate
(c) item rate	(d) piece work
	000 per month inclusive of all taxes. If outgoings are return is 10%, what is the capital value by the rental
(a) 99,600	(b) 87,600
(c) 96,000	(d) 1,12,300
54. While submitting a tender, the contractor is department as a guarantee of the tender known as	
(a) earnest money	(b) bank guarantee
(c) security deposit	(d) caution money
55. The strength at which steel fails under repeate	ed applications of load, is known as
(a) impact strength	(b) tensile strength
(c) yield strength	(d) fatigue strength

56. The rivets which are driven at atmospheric temperature, are known as		
((a) power driven shop rivets	(b) hand driven rivets
+	(c) power driven field rivets	(d) cold driven rivets
57. The distance between two consecutive rivets of adjacent chains and measured at right angles to the direction of the force in structural members, is known as		
	(a) pitch of rivet	(b) staggered pitch of rivet
I	(c) gauge distance of rivet	(d) any of the above
58. The strength of field rivet as compared to the shop rivet is		
+	(a) same	(b) 75%
+	(c) 89%	(d) 90%
59. Which of the following is a best compression member section?		
ı	(a) single angle section	(b) double angle section
I	(c) I-section	(d) tubular section
60. Slenderness ratio of the lacing bar for compression member should exceed		
((a) 125	(b) 135
((c) 155	(d) 145

ROUGH WORK

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